- 1. I, Adam J. Levitt, duly licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois, and admitted *pro hac vice* in this Action, am a founding partner of DiCello Levitt LLP ("DiCello Levitt") and Co-Class Counsel in this Action.
- 2. I, H. Clay Barnett, III, duly licensed to practice law in the State of Alabama, and admitted *pro hac vice* in this Action, am a partner at the law firm of Beasley, Allen, Crow, Methvin, Portis & Miles, P.C ("Beasley Allen") and Co-Class Counsel in this Action.
- 3. I, Andrew T. Trailor, duly licensed to practice law in the State of Florida, and admitted *pro hac vice* in this Action, am the founder of Andrew T. Trailor, P.A., and Co-Class Counsel in this Action.
- 4. We respectfully submit this joint declaration in support of Plaintiffs' Unopposed Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement ("Motion for Preliminary Approval"). We have personal knowledge of the matters pertaining to the Action and the proposed Settlement and are competent to testify with respect thereto.
- 5. We are pleased to submit for the Court's preliminary approval the proposed Settlement of this Action, as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.<sup>1</sup> The Settlement follows over 12,789 hours of work investigating, researching, analyzing, and briefing the many complex factual and legal issues presented in this case, including conducting substantial formal discovery, certifying eleven statewide damages classes, successfully opposing summary judgment, and trial preparation.
- 6. The proposed Settlement, if approved, will confer valuable benefits to a nationwide Settlement Class of current, former and future owners and lessees of approximately 1,000,000 Honda and Acura vehicles. The Settlement is fair,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms have the meanings given to them in the Settlement Agreement ("SA"). *See* SA § II.

reasonable, and adequate, provides substantial benefits for the members of the proposed Settlement Class, and merits this Court's preliminary approval. Plaintiffs filed the Settlement Agreement, together with its exhibits, contemporaneously with the Motion for Preliminary Approval.

## I. THE DEFECT

- 7. This case arises from Defendant American Honda Motor Co., Inc.'s ("Honda") marketing and sale of certain Honda and Acura vehicles as safe, reliable, and durable without disclosing to consumers that the vehicles were equipped with a defective Auto Idle Stop ("AIS") system, which can result in affected vehicles suddenly becoming inoperable when stopped at an intersection or in stop-and-go traffic ("AIS No Restart").
- 8. The Class Vehicles are 2015–2020 Acura TLXs, 2016–2020 Acura MDXs, 2016–2021 Honda Pilots, 2019–2021 Honda Passports, and 2020–2021 Honda Ridgelines.
- 9. Due to the presence of AIS No-Restart in certain Honda and Acura vehicles, between March 2022 and January 2023, Honda issued technical service bulletins ("TSBs") 22-008, 23-001, 23-002, 23-008, 23-010 for the Class Vehicles to: (1) update the PGM-Fi software and (2) replace the defective starter and perform a valve adjustment. Honda's TSBs, however, required a dealership to duplicate a customer's AIS symptom prior to providing the starter replacement, which effectively created a barrier to the repair.
- 10. On June 21, 2022, Plaintiff Hamid Bolooki filed a complaint (ECF No. 1) alleging that the AIS system in Class Vehicles was unreliable and unsafe. ECF No. 1 ¶¶ 28–38.
- 11. On September 28, 2022, and January 9, 2023, two other putative class actions were filed in other federal courts making substantially similar allegations as to those in *Balooki*. These other cases were *Cooper v. Am. Honda Motor Co., Inc.*,

- 12. Prior to commencing litigation, counsel conducted a comprehensive investigation into the underlying facts of this case. We thoroughly studied the Service Bulletins notice, brought our automotive engineering expertise to reviewing and analyzing Service Bulletin-related information on the NHTSA website, and other public sources. We conferred extensively with owners and lessees of the Class Vehicles and consulted them about their own experiences with their vehicles' AIS System. Counsel carefully studied the customer complaints and reports on the NHTSA website as well as other publicly available information as part of this inquiry. Counsel retained and conferred with an independent automotive engineering consulting expert to better understand the causes of the AIS No-Restart problems and to explore potential remedies.
- 13. Counsel also conducted legal research to determine the viability of asserting various claims, including claims under the consumer protection statutes of potential clients' home states as more individuals began to reach out to Counsel. Counsel interviewed the potential clients about the internet and other research they did prior to purchasing or leasing their vehicles, and examined Honda's marketing and advertising materials in various media outlets to assess whether they could properly allege that Honda made material misrepresentations and/or omissions. Counsel researched the viability of common law claims and a nationwide claim for violation of the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act. After Class Counsel satisfied themselves that viable claims could be asserted against Honda, they conferred with and got approval from their clients to commence litigation.
- 14. On February 21, 2023, the Court appointed the undersigned as Class Counsel and, on March 14, 2023, the Court, *sua sponte*, consolidated *Balooki*, *Cooper*, and *Nock* actions and directed the plaintiffs to file an amended complaint. ECF Nos. 62, 66.

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- 15. On April 14, 2023, Plaintiffs filed their First Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint, ECF No. 73, followed by their Second Consolidated Amended Complaint on May 12, 2023, ECF No. 82.
- 16. On September 27, 2023, the Court denied, in large part, Honda's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Second Consolidated Amended Complaint. ECF No. 110. Plaintiffs filed their Third Consolidated Amended Complaint on October 11, 2023. ECF No. 111.
- 17. Between December 2022 and June 2024, the parties engaged in over eighteen (18) months of intensive discovery, including both expert and fact discovery.
- 18. Plaintiffs and Honda exchanged initial disclosures on January 12, 2023, and May 8, 2023, respectively. Plaintiffs and Honda submitted a Joint 26(f) Report and discovery plan on June 12, 2023. ECF No. 91. Plaintiffs served requests for production of documents on Honda on April 7, 2023, and served additional requests on December 1, 2023, and December 28, 2023. Honda served its written responses to Plaintiffs' requests on June 2, 2023, and January 29, 2024. Plaintiffs served written interrogatories on Honda on April 13, 2023, November 22, 2023, and December 28, 2023.
- 19. As a part of formal discovery, Honda produced, and Plaintiffs processed and reviewed, over 44,250 documents containing approximately 180,300 pages related to the design and operation of the AIS System and starters in Class Vehicles, warranty data, failure modes and effects analyses, Honda's investigation into the alleged defect, the service bulletins, and the defect countermeasure development and implementation. Additionally, Plaintiffs' automotive engineering expert sourced, inspected, and tested numerous original and A53 Starters, including in Class Vehicles, and analyzed, *inter alia*, the starters' design, operation, and specifications.
- 20. The parties participated in three informal discovery conferences with Magistrate Judge Kim.

- 22. On October 3, 2024, the Court certified eleven (11) state-wide classes and directed Plaintiffs' Counsel submit additional briefing in support of appointing Plaintiffs as Class Representatives and Interim Class Counsel as Class Counsel. ECF No. 175 at 27–28. Plaintiffs submitted their supplemental briefing on October 17, 2024, and, on November 22, 2024, the Court entered an order appointing Plaintiffs as Class Representatives and Interim Class Counsel as Class Counsel. ECF Nos. 182, 206.
- 23. The Ninth Circuit denied Defendant's petition for permission to appeal. *Stewart v. Am. Honda Motor Co.*, No. 24-6349 (9th Cir.) (ECF No. 9.1).
- 24. On December 26, 2024, the Court denied Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment as to all the certified claims except for the certified unjust enrichment claims. ECF No. 221.
  - 25. The Court set the case for trial on May 20, 2025. ECF No. 213.
- 26. On February 10, 2025, Honda moved for decertification of the Certified Classes. ECF No. 228. Plaintiffs responded in opposition on February 17, 2024. ECF No. 230.

## II. SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS AND THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

- 27. The negotiations culminating in this Settlement were complex, conducted in good faith and at arms' length over a period of four (4) months by informed and experienced counsel. Plaintiffs, with the goal of obtaining immediate valuable benefits for Class Members, and Honda began to explore the possibility of a resolution even while Honda's motion to decertify the classes, ECF No. 228, was pending and Plaintiffs were engaged in trial preparations.
- 28. On February 26, 2025, while the decertification motion was pending, the Parties engaged in a day-long mediation with Anthony Piazza of Mediated 5 Case No. 2:22-cv-04252-MCS-SK

a nationwide settlement.

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nationwide class. ECF No. 242.

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which they memorialized with a signed term sheet on March 24, 2025.

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30. On March 28, 2025, the Parties filed a Notice of Settlement with the Court. ECF No. 236.

After further dialogue, the Parties reached an agreement in principle,

On April 10, 2025, Plaintiffs filed their Fifth Amended Complaint, so

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that Plaintiffs' operative complaint would reflect the knowledge gained through discovery and revise the class definition to the evidence adduced and to assert a

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32. Numerous drafts of the Settlement Agreement and related exhibits were exchanged between the Parties, which Class Counsel carefully negotiated and refined before a final agreement could be reached. As a result of Class Counsel's efforts, the Parties were successful in reaching a settlement that provides immediate, concrete and substantial benefits to Class Members.

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33. After carefully considering the facts and applicable law and the risks, expenses, and uncertainty of continued litigation, and after having engaged in extensive negotiations, the Parties agreed that it was in their mutual best interests to resolve the claims in this Action related to the Class Vehicles on behalf of the Class Representatives and proposed Settlement Class on fair, reasonable, and adequate terms as set forth in this Settlement Agreement.

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34. In consideration for the dismissal of the Action with prejudice and a full and complete release of claims by all Plaintiffs, Class Representatives, and Settlement Class Members, Honda has agreed to provide the following settlement benefits: (a) issue amended Service Bulletins which eliminate the requirement for technician verification of Auto Idle No-Restart symptoms as a prerequisite to receiving the Replacement Starter under the 10-year Warranty Period or Extended Claims Period; (b) an Extended Claims Period of 18-months and 24-months for 2015

- Acura TLX vehicles, and 2016 Acura TLX, Acura MDX, and Honda Pilot vehicles; and (c) an Out-of-Pocket Costs claims process.
- 35. Under the amended Service Bulletins, through the 10-year extended Warranty Period and 18/24-month Extended Claims Period, Honda guarantees all Settlement Class Members a new A53 Starter as soon as the need arises, removing the verification hurdle for any Settlement Class Member who experiences AIS No Restart after receiving the PGM-FI Idle Stop Software Update.
- 36. The remedy, which through the Settlement will be immediately available to Settlement Class Members, is the replacement of the defective starter motors with improved Replacement Starters that were specifically reformulated and manufactured to provide sufficient starting torque and eliminate the potential for AIS No-Restart ("A53 Starter"). The allegedly defective starters that gave rise to the Service Bulletins, as well as the A53 Starter, were the subject of intense scrutiny, through voluminous formal discovery and thorough testing and analysis by Plaintiffs' automotive expert. After testing the defective starters and their components, the automotive expert concluded that the defective starters were susceptible to increased degradation and loss of starting torque, which in turn causes AIS No-Restart. With thorough knowledge of the defect, Plaintiffs' automotive expert also conducted extensive testing and analysis of the A53 Starter, and determined they were sufficiently robust components capable of functioning properly in their operating environment and thus could be expected to function as intended.
- 37. The Amended Service Bulletins for the Warranty Period and Extended Claims Period address Plaintiffs' overarching concern in this litigation to ensure that the Class Vehicles operate as intended and drivers, passengers, and other vehicles on the road will not be exposed to potentially unsafe conditions.
- 38. The experiences of Plaintiffs Brandon Derry, David Jew, Janice Stewart, and Devron Elliot, among others, demonstrate the significance of this relief. All have received the PGM-FI Idle Stop Software Update Software Update, but despite still Case No. 2:22-cv-04252-MCS-SK

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- experiencing AIS No Restart, have been able to receive the A53 Starter under Honda's extended warranty because of the inhibitory verification hurdle that is written into Honda's current extended warranty program.
- Under the Settlement, Class Members may submit claims for Out-of-Pocket Costs incurred relating to the AIS feature in their Class Vehicles. Out-of-Pocket Costs include expenses for the parts and labor costs associated with starter replacement, starter relay replacement, valve adjustment, as well as towing expenses (due to no restart issues).
- 40. As part of the Settlement, Honda will fund a Notice Plan designed to reach Class Members with information about their rights and options under the Settlement Agreement. SA § IV. This Notice Plan is described in detail in the Settlement Agreement and in the Notice Plan. It includes direct Mailed Notice to all known Class Members, and it is expected that the vast majority of Class Members will have known addresses, as vehicle owners and lessees are required to register their vehicles, and the Notice Administrator will be able to obtain addresses through registration information. It also includes Emailed Notice and reminder notice to all Class Members for which valid email addresses are available.
- The Notice Plan also provides for a Settlement Website and toll-free telephone that will provide settlement-related information to Class Members in substantially the manner provided in the Notice Plan.
- 42. Honda will pay all expenses for the relief provided in the Settlement Agreement and all costs incurred in providing Class Notice.

## ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS, AND SERVICE AWARDS III.

Plaintiffs and Honda have not discussed the issue of reasonable attorneys' fees, reimbursement of litigation expenses, or service awards to the Class Representatives. Prior to the Final Approval Hearing, Class Counsel will move the Court for an award of attorney fees, reimbursement of their litigation costs, and Class Representative Service Awards. Any amounts paid, subject to Court approval, shall Case No. 2:22-cv-04252-MCS-SK

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- 44. Class Counsel will apply to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees in an amount not to exceed Forty Million Dollars (\$40,000,000.00), and reimbursement of Plaintiffs' Counsel's reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.
- As of May 2, 2025, Plaintiffs' Counsel have expended over 12,789 45. hours of work investigating, researching, analyzing, and briefing the many complex factual and legal issues presented in this case, conducting substantial formal discovery, including the depositions of twenty-four (24) named Plaintiffs, Honda's corporate representatives, ten (10) current and former employees of Honda, and significant, expert discovery which was highly contested.
- 46. Based on our customary rates in this type of litigation, Plaintiffs' Counsels' lodestar value, as of May 2, 2025, is \$11,748,525.25, at current rates. The lodestar of each firm is set forth in the attached summary charts. See Lodestar Summary of Hours By Task and By Attorney, attached hereto as Exhibits A and B.
- 47. As of May 2, 2025, Plaintiffs' Counsel has also incurred \$782,268.99 in costs and expenses in connection with this litigation. See Exhibit C.
- We believe our efforts were well organized and efficiently managed— 48. indeed, Plaintiffs' Counsel had no incentive to do otherwise as this is a contingency matter. Each hour and dollar Plaintiffs' Counsel devoted to this case was at risk and indeed, is still at risk, until the Court grants final approval and determines the award to Counsel.
- 49. Class Counsel expects to incur, at least, an additional \$500,000 in attorneys' fees and an additional \$200,000 in expenses on this litigation through preliminary approval, final approval, and any appeals thereto.
- 50. Class Counsel, on behalf of Plaintiffs, will also seek reasonable Service Awards of up to Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500) for each of the Class Case No. 2:22-cv-04252-MCS-SK

- Representatives for their service in this litigation. Each Class Representative spent substantial time and effort pursuing the litigation and the interests of the Class Members. The proposed Class Representatives estimate they have each spent approximately 50 hours throughout this litigation.
- 51. The Class Representatives each endorse the Settlement and Class Counsel's forthcoming application motion for attorneys' fees, reimbursement of litigation expenses, and service awards.

## IV. QUALIFICATIONS OF CLASS COUNSEL

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52. I, H. Clay Barnett, III, have more than 17 years of experience litigating complex cases on behalf of consumers and businesses in both individual and class actions. My experience in automotive defect litigation includes having developed and filed over fifteen automotive defect class actions and trying one to a jury verdict. My team, serving as lead class counsel, have developed and successfully settled the following class cases: Simerlein v. Toyota Motor Corp., et al., No. 3:17-CV-01091-VAB (D. Conn.) (\$40 million settlement); Cheng, et al. v. Toyota Motor Corp., et al., No. 1:20-cv-00629-WFK-JRC (E.D.N.Y.) (\$287 million settlement); Cohen v. Subaru Corp., No. 1:20-cv-08442-JHR (D.N.J.) (\$380 million settlement); Townsend Vance, et al. v. Mazda Motor of America, Inc., et al.; No. 8:21-cv-01890-CJC-KES (C.D. Cal.) (\$172 million settlement); In re Hyundai and Kia Engine Litig., II, No. 18-cv-02223-JLS-JDE (C.D. Cal.) (\$200 million settlement). I am co-lead class counsel in Sigueiros v. General Motors LLC, No. 16-cv-07244-EMC (N.D. Cal.), which recently settled for \$150 million after Beasley Allen and DiCello Levitt successfully litigated the case to a jury verdict for three certified classes. *Hampton v.* Gen. Motors LLC, No. 6:21-cv-00250-KEW (E.D. Okla.) is a companion case to Sigueiros that my firm and DiCello Levitt also recently settled for \$25 million. I currently represent plaintiffs and putative class members in the following automotive defect class actions pending across the country: Fisher, et al. v. FCA US LLC, No. 23-cv-10426-MFL-EAS (E.D. Mich.); Leon, et al. v Honda Motor Co., Ltd. et al.,

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No. 2:24-cv-07872 (C.D. Cal.); Bissell, et al. v. Honda Motor Co., Inc., et al., No. 3:24-cv-02286-AHB-MMP (S.D. Cal.); Oliver, et al. v. Honda Motor Co., Inc., et al., No. 20-cv-00666-MHH (N.D. Al.); Syed v. Toyota Motor Sales U.S.A., Inc, et al., No. 5:24-cv-01963-CV-SP (C.D. Cal.); In re Nissan N. A. Inc., Litig., No. 4:18-cv-07292-HSG (M.D. Tenn.); White, et al. v. FCA US LLC, No. 21-cv-11696-SDK-DRG (E.D. Mich.); Johnson, et al. v. Gen. Motors LLC, No. 22-cv-11548-DPH-APP (E.D. Mich.); Rose, et al. v. Ferrari N. A., Inc., et al., No. 21-cv-20772-JKS-CLW (D.N.J.); In re ARC Airbag Inflators Prods. Liab. Litig., No. 1:22-md-03051-ELR (N.D. Ga.); In re ZF-TRW Airbag Control Units Prods. Liab. Litig., MDL No. 2905; and Milstead, et al. v. Gen. Motors LLC, et al., No. 21-cv-06338-JST (N.D. Cal.). A copy of Beasley Allen's Firm Resume is attached hereto as Exhibit D.

I, Adam J. Levitt, am a founding partner of DiCello Levitt and have more than 30 years of experience litigating complex cases on behalf of consumers and businesses in both individual and class actions. My experience in automotive products litigation includes having been appointed to lead counsel or to other leadership positions in: In re Volkswagen "Clean Diesel" Mktg., Sales Practices, & Prods. Liab. Litig., MDL No. 2672 (N.D. Cal.); Sowa v. Mercedes-Benz USA, LLC, No. 1:23-cv-00636-SEG (N.D. Ga.); In re Navistar MaxxForce Engines Mktg., Sales Practices, & Prods. Liab. Litig., No. 1:14-cv-10318-JBG (N.D. Ill.); In re Nissan N.A., Inc. Litig., No. 3:19-cv-00843 (M.D. Tenn); Simerlein v. Toyota Motor Corp., No. 3:17-CV-01091-VAB (D. Conn.); In re Gen. Motors LLC Ignition Switch Litig., MDL No. 2543 (S.D.N.Y.); and In re MyFord Touch Consumer Litig., No. 3:13-cv-03072-EMC-TSH (N.D. Cal.). I am co-lead class counsel in Sigueiros v. General Motors LLC, No. 16-cv-07244-EMC (N.D. Cal.), which recently settled for \$150 million after Beasley Allen and DiCello Levitt successfully litigated the case to a jury verdict for three certified classes. *Hampton v. Gen. Motors LLC*, No. 6:21-cv-00250-KEW (E.D. Okla.) is a companion case to *Sigueiros* that my firm and Beasley Allen also recently settled for \$25 million. I have also successfully represented the State of Case No. 2:22-cv-04252-MCS-SK

- 54. I, Andrew T. Trailor, am the founder of Andrew T. Trailor, P.A., a focused multi-practice firm located in Miami, Florida. My practice concentrates on complex commercial litigation, class actions, aviation crash litigation, insurance claims, construction disputes, catastrophic injury and wrongful death related matters for both plaintiffs and defendants. The firm does appellate work and ADR. I initiated the Action and the investigation of it and have spent a significant amount of time and resources litigating it, including the drafting of pleadings, undertaking discovery, reviewing many of the 35,163 documents and files produced by Honda, attending nearly all in-Court hearings, attending hearings before the magistrate, preparing for and defending multiple depositions of Class Plaintiffs, attending expert depositions, and deposing one of Honda's witnesses. A copy of Andrew T. Trailor, P.A.'s Firm Resume is attached hereto as Exhibit F.
- Class Counsel have been involved in this litigation since its 55. investigation phase, through discovery, class certification and settlement.
- 56. Class Counsel are well positioned to assess the benefits of the proposed Settlement and do hereby fully endorse it as fair, reasonable, and adequate.
- 57. We declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Respectfully submitted, DATED: May 12, 2025

/s/ H. Clay Barnett, III 26 27

H. Clay Barnett, III (pro hac vice) BEASLEY, ALLEN, CROW, METHVIN, PORTIS & MILES, P.C.

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